Attorney Docket No.: 09991-123001

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A method for driving a droplet ejection device having an actuator, comprising:
 applying a multipulse waveform comprising two or more drive pulses to the actuator
to cause the droplet ejection device to eject a single droplet of a fluid,

wherein a frequency of the drive pulses is greater than a natural frequency, f_j , of the droplet ejection device.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the multipulse waveform has two drive pulses.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the multipulse waveform has three drive pulses.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the multipulse waveform has four drive pulses.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the pulse frequencies are greater than about $1.3 f_j$.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the pulse frequency is greater than about 1.5 f_i .
- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the pulse frequency is between about $1.5 f_j$ and about $2.5 f_j$.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the pulse frequency is between about $1.8 f_j$ and about $2.2 f_j$.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the two or more pulses have the same pulse period.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the individual pulses have different pulse periods.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the two or more pulses comprise one or more bipolar pulses.

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- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the two or more pulses comprise one or more unipolar pulses.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the droplet ejection device comprises a pumping chamber and the actuator is configured to vary the pressure of the fluid in the pumping chamber in response to the drive pulses.
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein each pulse has an amplitude corresponding to a maximum or minimum voltage applied to the actuator, and wherein the amplitude of at least two of the pulses are substantially the same.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein each pulse has an amplitude corresponding to a maximum or minimum voltage applied to the actuator, and wherein the amplitude of at least two of the pulses are different.
- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the amplitude of each subsequent pulse in the two or more pulses is greater than the amplitude of earlier pulses.
- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the droplet ejection device is an ink jet.
- 18. A method comprising driving a droplet ejection device with a waveform comprising one or more pulses each having a period less than about 20 microseconds to cause the droplet ejection device to eject a single droplet in response to the pulses.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the one or more pulses each have a period less than about 12 microseconds.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the one or more pulses each have a period less than about 10 microseconds.

- 21. A method comprising driving a droplet ejection device with a multipulse waveform comprising two or more pulses each having a pulse period less than about 25 microseconds to cause the droplet ejection device to eject a single droplet in response to the two or more pulses.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the two or more pulses each have pulse period less than about 12 microseconds.
- 23. The method of claim 21, wherein the two or more pulses each have pulse period less than about 8 microseconds.
- 24. The method of claim 21, wherein the two or more pulses each have pulse period less than about 5 microseconds.
- 25. The method of claim 21, wherein the droplet has a mass between about 1 picoliter and 100 picoliters.
- 26. The method of claim 21, wherein the droplet has a mass between about 5 picoliters and 200 picoliters.
- 27. The method of claim 21, wherein the droplet has a mass between about 50 picoliters and 1000 picoliters.
- 28. An apparatus, comprising:

a droplet ejection device having a natural frequency f_j ; and drive electronics coupled to the droplet ejection device,

wherein during operation the drive electronics drive the droplet ejection device with a multipulse waveform comprising a plurality of drive pulses having a frequency greater than f_j .

- 29. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the harmonic content of the plurality of drive pulses at f_j is less than about 50% of the harmonic content of the plurality of the drive pulses at f_{max} , the frequency of maximum content.
- 30. The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the harmonic content of the plurality of drive pulses at f_j is less than about 25% of the harmonic content of the plurality of the drive pulses at f_{max} .
- 31. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the harmonic content of the plurality of drive pulses at f_j is less than about 10% of the harmonic content of the plurality of the drive pulses at f_{max} .
- 32. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein during operation the droplet ejection device ejects a single droplet in response to the plurality of pulses.
- 33. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the droplet ejection device is an ink jet.
- 34. An ink jet printhead comprising the ink jet of claim 30.
- 35. A method for driving a droplet ejection device having an actuator, comprising: applying a multipulse waveform comprising two or more drive pulses to the actuator to cause the droplet ejection device to eject a droplet of a fluid,

wherein at least about 60% of the droplet's mass is included within a radius, r, of a point in the droplet, where r corresponds to a radius of a perfectly spherical droplet given by

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4\pi} \frac{m_d}{\rho}},$$

where m_d is the droplet's mass and ρ is the fluid density.

36. The method of claim 35, wherein the droplet has a velocity of at least about 4 ms⁻¹.

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37. The method of claim 35, wherein the droplet has a velocity of at least about 6 ms⁻¹.

- 38. The method of claim 35, wherein the droplet has a velocity of at least about 8 ms⁻¹.
- 39. The method of claim 35, wherein a frequency of the drive pulses is greater than a natural frequency, f_j , of the droplet ejection device.
- 40. The method of claim 35, wherein at least about 80% of the droplet's mass is included within r of a point in the droplet.
- 41. The method of claim 35, wherein at least about 90% of the droplet's mass is included within r of a point in the droplet.